

平成 23 年度（2011 年度）第 3・4 学年 4 月編入学選抜検査  
Spring Entrance Examination 2011 for 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Grade Applicants

外国語作文（英語）  
Foreign Language Essay (English)

平成 23 年（2011 年）2 月 3 日（木）実施  
Thursday, February 3, 2011

Attention

1. Keep your test booklet closed until you are instructed to open this booklet.
2. You may freely use blank space in the booklet. Any marks in this booklet will not be scored.
3. There is a separate answer sheet. All answers should be written within the space provided on the answer sheet **in English**.
4. You will be given 45 minutes to complete Foreign Language Essay.
5. Remain silent during test time.
6. Write your name and registration number clearly on the test booklet. Write your registration number only on your answer sheet.
7. No questions concerning the test content will be answered.
8. Both your test booklet and your answer sheet will be collected after the test.

受検番号

Registration number

氏名

Name

東京学芸大学附属国際中等教育学校

TOKYO GAKUGEI UNIVERSITY INTERNATIONAL SECONDARY SCHOOL

Read the text and charts below and answer the following question.

Japan again spent the least on education in 2007 among the 28 member countries of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development in terms of the ratio of such state spending to gross domestic product, according to an OECD report.

The nation's 2007 ratio, 3.3 percent, was the third-lowest, following 2003 and 2005. Japan was also the second-lowest in 2004 and 2006 in the annual OECD studies. For the latest ranking, comparable data were available among the 28 nations out of the OECD's 32 members.

In a press briefing, an OECD official said there is a possibility that Japan's spending ratio may improve, but that it is unclear how far it could rise in the rankings as other countries have also increased their respective public spending.

At the elementary and junior high school levels, Japan's spending-to-GDP ratio came to 2.5 percent — tied for second-lowest with the Czech Republic, while the ratio at the high school levels was 0.5 percent, also the second-lowest.

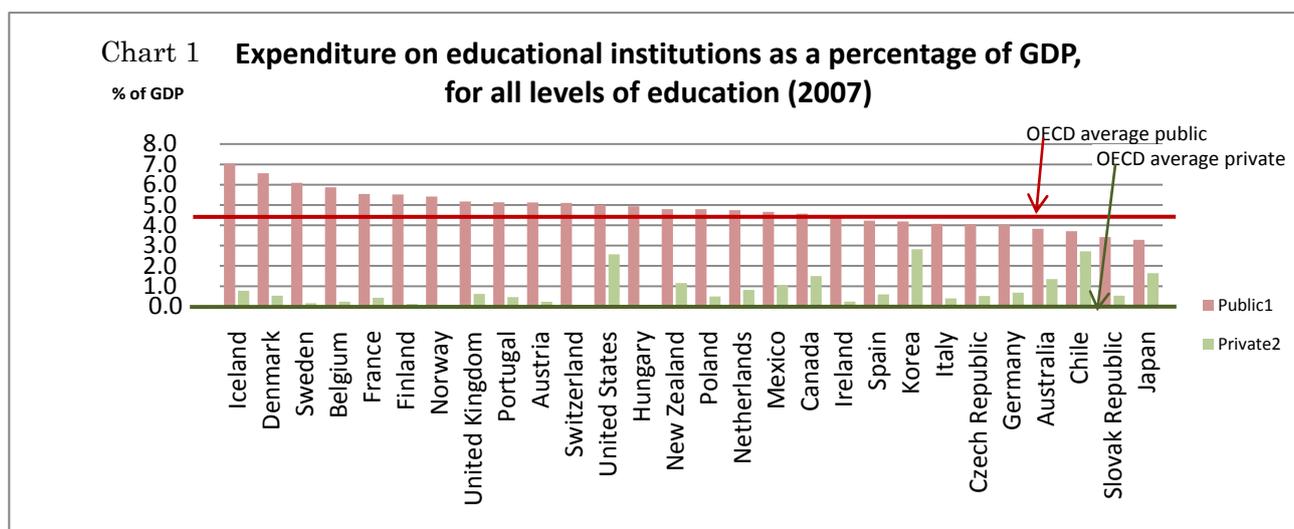
In terms of the ratio of private investments toward all education expenditures, however, Japan's came to 33.3 percent, the fourth-largest after South Korea, Chile and the United States.

By educational level, Japan's private spending on college education accounted for 67.5 percent, compared with an average 30.9 percent, while spending on kindergarten was 56.2 percent, compared with 20.3 percent.

The result highlighted that Japanese households had to spend more on education due to low public spending.

The OECD also said the number of students per class at Japanese junior high schools was 33.0, the second-largest number among 23 member nations.

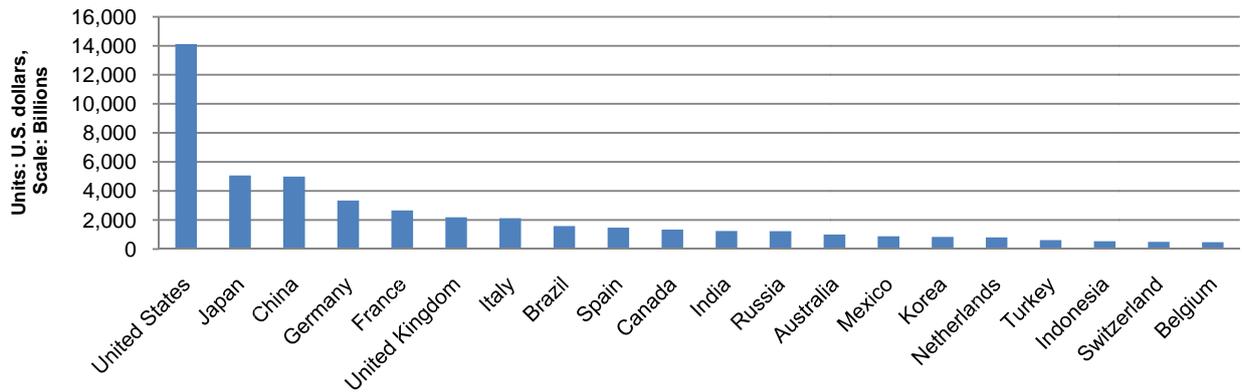
(Modified from Japan Times, 9 September, 2010)



1. Including public subsidies to households attributable for educational institutions, and direct expenditure on educational institutions from international sources.
2. Net of public subsidies attributable for educational institutions.

(Source from Education at a Glance 2010: OECD)

art 2 Top 20 Highest Gross domestic product (2009)



(Source from International Monetary Fund (IMF) World Economic Outlook Database, October 2010)

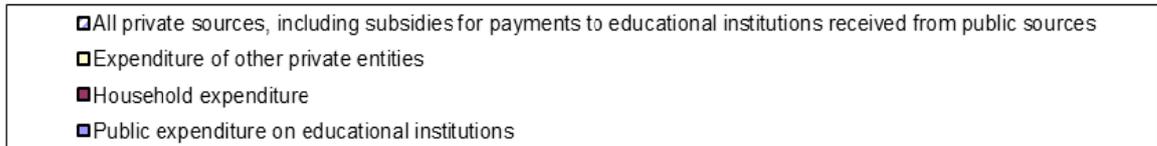
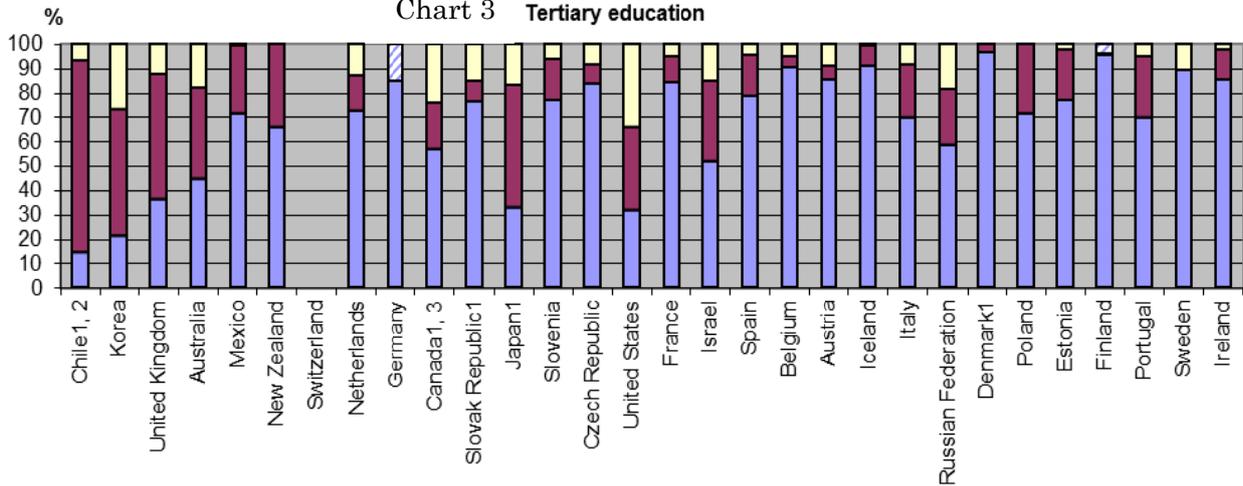


Chart 3 Tertiary education



(Source from Education at a Glance 2010: OECD)

**Question**

What do you think about this situation? Consider this issue from different points of view, choose a side and defend it.

**受検番号**

**Registration number**

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**Answer Sheet**

This section contains a large rectangular area with horizontal ruling lines, intended for writing the answer to the essay question. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page.

